(\bigcirc) (in ROSWELL PARK COMPREHENSIVE CANCER CENTER

SKIN CANCER / nfo Sheet



of the sun's UV radiation reaches earth on a completely cloudy day.

Americans will develop

skin cancer by the age of 70.

Some common medications increase skin's susceptibility to UV damage.



NOW OFFERING DERMATOLOGY CARE AT OUR LOCATIONS IN:

NCI

Designated Comprehensive

Cancer Center



Amherst Cheektowaga Depew **Jamestown** Lockport **Orchard Park &** Niagara Falls.



DSWELL

COMPREHENSIVE CANCER CENTER

WHAT YOU SHOULD KNOW

Any tan is a sign of damaged skin cells and this damage is what leads to skin cancer, the most common of all cancers. Skin cancer affects more than 2 million people each year and includes:

🛿 Basal cell carcinoma 🗳 Squamous cell carcinoma 🔮 Melanoma

Melanoma is less common than either basal cell or squamous cell cancers, but far more dangerous. Melanoma, responsible for more than 7,600 deaths each year, is more likely to spread to other body areas, making treatment challenging.

WHAT SKIN CANCER LOOKS LIKE

Signs of Basal Cell or Squamous Cell Carcinoma

Have a physician check out any skin spot, sore or bump that look like these:



A bump that's smooth, shiny, pale or waxy



A red or brown patch that's rough and scaly



A flat red spot that's rough, dry, or scaly and may be itchy or tender

A bump or sore that bleeds or develops a crust or scab, but does not heal

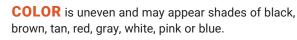
A bump that's firm and red

Melanoma may begin in a mole or on previously clear SIGNS OF skin. Have a physician check any skin spot that has **MELANOMA** one or more of the following ABCDE characteristics:



ASYMMETRY One half does not match the other half.

BORDER is irregular. The edges are ragged, notched or blurred.



DIAMETER is larger than 6 millimeters or ¹/₄ inch, about the size of a pencil eraser. Any increase in size is of special concern.

EVOLVING. The spot is changing in size, shape or color.

WHY ROSWELL PARK?

- Nationally recognized. Roswell Park is a National Cancer Institute (NCI) designated Comprehensive Cancer Center, the only one in New York State outside of New York City.
- A multidisciplinary care approach by a team of cancer experts, dermatologists and surgical and medical oncologists, who work together under one roof.
- Specialized skin cancer surgery. Mohs micrographic surgery, an advanced surgical technique, removes cancer cells while preserving healthy tissue, particularly on the eyelids, nose, ears, lips and fingers.
- Plastic & reconstructive surgeons to restore appearance and function of important skin structures.



Anyone can get skin cancer regardless of skin color.

MEET OUR DOCTORS

DERMATOLOGY 1. Gyorgy Paragh, MD, PhD, Chair 2. Elizabeth Conroy, MD, FAAD 3. Marcelle Grassi, MD 4. Bethany Lema, MD 5. Drew Kuraitis, MD, PhD 6. Shana Bradigan, NP 7. Lauren Mancuso, PA 8. Ruth Rohl, NP 9. Melissa Spencer, MHS, RPA-C 10. Megan Veneziano, PA-C

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UV rays are a major cause of skin cancer, cataracts, eyelid cancer and premature skin aging and wrinkling.

- Avoid tanning, outdoors as well as tanning beds, booths and sunlamps.
- Apply sunscreen every day at least 30 minutes before sun exposure.
- Seek shade during the sun's most intense hours between 11 am and 3 pm.
- Use a broad spectrum (UVA/UVB) sunscreen with
 SPF of at least 30. Choose a water-resistant formula and reapply every two hours, and more frequently after swimming or sweating.
- Cover up with protective clothing including a broad-brimmed hat.
- Shade your eyes with sunglasses that filter UV rays.

53597 (06/24)

